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CENSUS OF THE COMMONWEAITH OF AUSTRALIA 30 JUTNE 1966

## CENSUS BULLETYTY NO． 8.1 －SUMMARY OF POPULATTON， AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

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## 1. Introduction

Statistics of population totals as recorded by field personnel during the taking of the Census of 30 June 1966 have already been published in Field Count Statements numbers $1-12$.

Statistics of the characteristics of the population and of dwellings as compiled from Householder's Schedules will be issued progressively in mimeographed form for each State and Territory as they become arailable.

Each bulletin will be allotted a two-figure code (e.g. 8.1). The first digit identifies the State or Territory concemed and follows the order used in tables in Bureau publications; viz.

```
1-New South Wales;
2 - Victoria;
3- Queensland:
4-South Australia;
5 - Western Australia:
6-Tasmania;
7 -. Northem Territory:
8 .. Australian Capital Territory; and
9-Australia
```

The second digit identifies the content of the bulletin, as follows:

1. Summary of populations
2. Summary of dwellings:
3. Ages of the population according to marital status;
4. Ages of the population according to industry;
5. Birthplaces of the population according to nationality;
6. Occupational status of the population according to industry?
7. Occupational atatus of the population acoording to age and marital statps;
8. Population and dwellings in local government areas.

This bulletin is the first to be issued of this series.
Additional bulletins will be issued for Australia as a whole in late 1967.

## NOTE

The figures published in this bulletin include particulars for the Jervis Bay District of the Australian Capital Territory.

Persons having diplomatic immunity (diplomatic and homembased staff of diplomatic missions, and theix families) are not included. The number of such persons in the Australian Capital Territory at 30 June 1966 was approximately $1,200$.

All tables in this bulletin exclude particulars of full-blood Aborigines.
Any discrepancies between totals and sums of components in percentages in tables are due to rounding。
2. General

TABLE 1. - POPULATION : AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, CENSUSES, 1911 TO 1966

| Census | Males | Females | Persons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| 1911 | 992 | 722 | 1,714 |
| 1921 | 1,567 | 1,005 | 2,572 |
| 1933 | 4,805 | 4,142 | 8,947 |
| 1947 | 9,092 | 7,813 | 16,905 |
| 1954 | 16,229 | 14,086 | 30,315 |
| 1961 | 30,858 | 27,970 | 58,828 |
| 1966 | 49,977 | 46,035 | 96,013 |

TABLE 2. - POPULATION : INTERCENSAL INCREASES, AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, CENSUSES, 1911 TO 1966

| Intercensal Period | Numerical Increase |  |  | Average Annual Rate of Growth |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Males | Females | Persons | Males | Females | Persons |
|  |  |  |  | $\%$ | $\%$ | $\%$ |
| $1911-1921$ |  | 575 | 283 | 858 | 4.68 | 3.36 |
| $1921-1933$ | 3,238 | 3,137 | 6,375 | 9.58 | 12.26 | 10.71 |
| $1933-1947$ | 4,287 | 3,671 | 7,958 | 4.66 | 4.64 | 4.65 |
| $1947-1954$ | 7,137 | 6,273 | 13,410 | 8.63 | 8.78 | 8.70 |
| $1954-1961$ | 14,629 | 13,884 | 28,513 | 9.61 | 10.30 | 9.94 |
| $1961-1966$ | 19,119 | 18,066 | 37,185 | 10.12 | 10.48 | 10.29 |

## 3. Population Distribution

In accordance with new criteria adopted at this Census for the delimitation of urban centres, Canberra has been delimited by a number of boundaries each with its own distinctive purpose and interest. A full description of the criteria used is contained in Field Count Statement No. 4. A brief comment on the application of the criteria to Canberra is contained in Field Count Statement No. 5. In summary, the boundaries used are as follows:
(a) Canberra Statistical District. This is an extensive area which is considered to contain that area which is in close economic and social contact with Canberra. It is envisaged that this area is large enough to contain the growth of Canberra for a period of from twenty to thirty years and that the boundary will therefore remain fixed for a considerable period of time. As such, it provides a stable basis for the compilation of comparative population and other statistics over time. The Canberra Statistical District includes the Canberra Metropolitan Area (see (b) below), the Municipality of Queanbeyan in New South Wales, and part of the rural area of the Australian Capital Territory. Statistics of the characteristics of the population of the Canberra Statistical District are not yet available and will be issued later. Preliminary Census figures, which are subject to amendment, showed the population of the Canberra Statistical District to be 106,995 persons.
(b) Canberra Metropolitan Area. This area is the "urban" centre of Canberra (see Field Count Statements Nos. 4 and 5 for a description of the criteria used). Briefly, "urban" includes all that area with a population density of 500 or more persons per square mile, together with some other areas (eog, industrial areas) classified as "urban" on other grounds. The urban boundary is a moving boundary, which from Census to Census, as urbanisation proceeds, will move outwards to encompass peripheral development. Statistics for this area are comparable with statistics for other urban centres which have been delimited according to the same criteria.
(c) Canberra City District. This boundary delineates the proclaimed administrative area of Canberra as at 30 June 1966 and is included in this bulletin because of its wide use by Canberra's administrative bodies.

The three boundaries are shown on the map included in this bulletin.

|  | Males | Females | Persons |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | ```Per cent. Of Total``` | $\begin{gathered} \text { Intercensal Increase } \\ \text { or Decrease } \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Nunerical | $\frac{\text { Percentage }}{\%}$ |
| Canberra City District - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canberra Metropolitan Area | 47,784 | 44, 524 | 92,308 | 96.14 | 36,562 | 65.59 |
| Rural | 531 | 472 | 1,003 | 1.04 | 249 | 33.02 |
| Total District (a) | 48,315 | 44,996 | 93,311 | 97.19 | 36,811 | 65.15 |
| ```Other Districts (Rural - includ- ing Jervis Bay)``` | 1,662 | 1,040 | 2,702 | 2.81 | 374 | 16.07 |
| $\frac{\text { TOTAL AUSTRALIAN CAPITAI }}{\text { TERRITORY }}$ | 49.977 | 46,036 | 96,013 | 100.00 | 37,185 | 63.21 |
| Total Urban (Canberra Met. Area) | 47,784 | 44, 524 | 92,308 | 96.14 | 36,562 | 65.59 |
| Total Rural | 2,193 | 1.512 | 3,705 | 3.86 | 623 | 20.21 |
| TOTAL AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL | 49,977 | 46,036 | 96,013 | 100.00 | 37,185 | 63.21 |

(a) Including those parts of RoA.A.F. Base, Fairbairm and Canberra Airport which are situated beyond the Canberra City District boundary.

## 4. Age

At the 1966 Census persons were asked to state age in accordance with the following instructions:
"State age in years and completed months. If aged under one year, state age in completed months (for example, a child of eleven months should be shown as "O" years "11" months). If aged under one month, write "O" years "O" months."

This question is more specific than that asked at the 1961 Census, which sought "age last birthday" (in years). The change should overcome some mism statement of age due to rounding. Similarly, it is expected that confusion in the reporting of ages of young children (which are conventionally thought of in "months" up to the age of about two years) should now be largely obviated.

Prior to the 1954 Census ages "not stated" were tabulated as such for urban and rural sections of each State and later distributed to specific ages in accordance with the frequency of stated ages. In 1954 and later Censuses, "not stated ages have been individually estimated prior to tabulation by firstly establishing the minimum range of ages within which the "not stated" age most probably lies (to conform with other information supplied in the Householder's Schedule) and by then selecting an age from within that range from a table of random ages acoording to sex.

The proportion of persons who failed to state an age is very small.

TABLE 4. - POPULATION, BY AGE (a) : AUSTRALIAN CAPITAI TERRITORY, CENSUS, 30 JUNE 1966

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Age last } \\ & \text { Birthday } \end{aligned}$ | Males | Females | Persons | Age last Birthday | Males | Females | Persons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 1.165 | 1,102 | 2,267 | 50 | 448 | 426 | 874 |
| 1 | 1,112 | 1,074 | 2,186 | 51 | 448 | 361 | 809 |
| 2 | 1,195 | 1,149 | 2,344 | 52 | 403 | 384 | 787 |
| 3 | 1,164 | 1.172 | 2,336 | 53 | 391 | 337 | 728 |
| 4 | 1,272 | 1,168 | 2.440 | 54 | 336 | 292 | 628 |
| 0-4 | 5,908 | 5,665 | 11.573 | 50-54 | 2,026 | 1,800 | 3,826 |
| 5 | 1,257 | 1,156 | 2,413 | 55 | 379 | 290 | 669 |
| 6 | 1.163 | 1,100 | 2,263 | 56 | 303 | 267 | 570 |
| 7 | 1,175 | 1,100 | 2,275 | 57 | 272 | 227 | 499 |
| 8 | 1,121 | 1,025 | 2.146 | 58 | 276 | 213 | 489 |
| 9 | 1,051 | 1,003 | 2,054 | 59 | 225 | 187 | 412 |
| 5-9 | 5,767 | 5,384 | 11, 151 | 55-59 | 1,455 | 1,184 | 2,639 |
| 10 | 991 | 972 | 1,963 | 50 | 232 | 205 | 437 |
| 11 | 938 | 888 | 1,826 | 61 | 182 | 180 | 362 |
| 12 | 932 | 895 | 1,827 | 62 | 156 | 160 | 316 |
| 13 | 918 | 885 | 1,803 | 63 | 148 | 166 | 314 |
| 14 | 831 | 834 | 1,665 | 64 | 130 | 131 | 261 |
| 10-14 | 4,610 | 4.474 | 9,084 | 60-64 | 848 | 842 | 1,690 |
| 15 | 837 | 815 | 1,552 | 65 | 139 | 171 | 310 |
| 16 | 907 | 761 | 1,668 | 66 | 123 | 142 | 265 |
| 17 | 963 | 888 | 1,851 | 67 | 106 | 105 | 211 |
| 18 | 1.036 | 928 | 1,964 | 68 | 85 | 120 | 205 |
| 12 | 1.322 | 1,086 | 2,408 | 69 | 71 | 110 | 181 |
| 15-19 | 5,065 | 4.478 | 9,543 | 65-69 | 524 | 648 | 12172 |
| 20 | 977 | 852 | 1,829 | 70 | 85 | 94 | 179 |
| 21 | 909 | 849 | 1,758 | 71 | 74 | 92 | 166 |
| 22 | 949 | 828 | 1.777 | 72 | 62 | 103 | 165 |
| 23 | 841 | 843 | 1.684 | 73 | 68 | 102 | 170 |
| 24 | 903 | 831 | 1,734 | 74 | 55 | 71 | 126 |
| 20.24 | 4.579 | 4,203 | 82782 | 70-74 | 344 | 462 | 806 |
| 25 | 880 | 794 | 1,674 | 75 | 46 | 78 | 124 |
| 26 | 873 | 793 | 1,666 | 76 | 45 | 69 | 114 |
| 27 | 878 | 782 | 1.660 | 77 | 38 | 50 | 88 |
| 28 | 869 | 752 | 1.621 | 78 | 32 | 56 | 88 |
| 29 | 801 | 750 | 1.551 | 79 | 25 | 41 | 66 |
| 25-29 | 4,301 | 3,871 | 8.172 | 75-72 | 186 | 294 | 480 |
| 30 | 805 | 705 | 1.510 | 80 | 23 | 43 | 66 |
| 31 | 756 | 644 | 1,400 | 81 | 18 | 19 | 37 |
| 32 | 730 | 660 | 1.390 | 82 | 5 | 36 | 41 |
| 33 | 715 | 661 | 1,376 | 83 | 18 | 33 | 51 |
| 34 | 695 | 643 | 1.338 | 84. | 11 | 20 | 31 |
| 30-34 | 3,701 | 3,313 | 72014 | 80-84 | 75 | 151 | 226 |
| 35 | 824 | 665 | 1.489 |  | 10 | 16 | 26 |
| 36 | 751 | 655 | 1,406 | 86 | 7 | 20 | 27 |
| 37 | 722 | 669 | 1.391 | 87 | 6 | 5 | 11 |
| 38 | 801 | 714 | 1,515 | 88 | 9 | 9 | 18 |
| 39 | 767 | 697 | 12464 | 89 | 1 | 5 | 6 |
| 35-32 | 3,865 | 3,400 | 7,265 | 85-82 | 33 | 55 | 88 |
| 40 | 780 | 755 | 1,535 | 90 | 1 | 4 | 5 |
| 41 | 789 | 650 | 1,439 | 91 | - | 7 | 7 |
| 42 | 766 | 702 | 1,468 | 92 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| 43 | 782 | 665 | 1,447 | 93 | 3 | 2 | 5 |
| 44 | 698 | 637 | 1,335 | 94 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| 40-44 | 3,815 | 3,409 | 7,224 | 90-94 | 7 | 16 | 23 |
| 45 | 784 | 604 | 1,388 | 95 | - | 4 | 4 |
| 46 | 601 | 515 | 1,116 | 96 | - | - | - |
| 47 | 472 | 443 | 915 | 97 | $\cdots$ | - | $\bigcirc$ |
| 48 | 528 | 423 | 951 | 98 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\cdots$ |
| 42 | 483 | 397 | 880 | 99 | $\because$ | 1 | 1 |
| 45-49 | 2,868 | 2,382 | 5,250 | 95-99 | $\bigcirc$ | 5 | 5 |
|  |  |  |  | $100 \%$ over | - | - 0. | $\bigcirc$ |
|  |  |  |  | TOTAL | 49,977 | 46,036 | 96,013 |

(a) Recorded ages adjusted by distribution of ages "not stated".

TABLE 5. - POPULATION, BY AGE (GROUPED AGES) (Q) : AUSTPMITAN CAPTMEI TEPRTMORY. CENSUSES 1951 AM 1966

| ```Age``` | Census, 30 June 1961 |  |  | Census, 30 fune 1986 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males | Females | Persons | Males | Temaies | - Persons |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Percent | Theress | since 1261 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Totas | 0 Totel | Tumeri0.1 | Percent,m ase |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \% |  | $\%$ |
| 0-4 | 4.052 | 3,783 | 7,835 | 5,908 | 5.665 | 11,573 | 12.05 | 3.738 | 47.78 |
| 5-9 | 3.437 | 3,390 | 6,827 | 5,767 | 5,384 | 11,151 | 11.61 | 4.324 | 63.34 |
| 10-14 | 3,095 | 2,894 | 5,989 | 4.610 | 4,474 | 9,084 | 9.46 | 3.095 | 51.68 |
| 15-19 | 2,313 | 2,039 | 4.352 | 5,065 | 4.478 | 9.543 | 9.94 | 5,191 | 119.28 |
| 20-24 | 2,521 | 2,213 | 4.734 | 4.579 | 4.203 | 8.782 | 9.45 | 4,048 | 85.51 |
| 25-29 | 2,510 | 2.156 | 4,666 | 4.301 | 3.871 | 8,172 | 8.51 | 3,506 | 75.14 |
| 30-34 | 2,752 | 2,412 | 5,164 | 3.701 | 3.313 | 7.014 | 7.31 | 1,350 | 35.82 |
| 35-39 | 2,910 | 2,534 | 5.444 | 3,865 | 3.400 | 7.265 | 7.57 | 1.621 | 33.45 |
| 40-44 | 2.215 | 1,844 | 4.059 | 3.815 | 3,409 | 7,224 | 7.52 | 3.165 | 77.97 |
| 45-49 | 1,668 | 1.436 | 3,104 | 2,868 | 2.382 | 5,250 | 5.47 | 2,146 | 69.14 |
| 50-54 | 1,238 | 950 | 2,188 | 2,026 | 1.800 | 3.826 | 3.98 | 1,638 | 74.86 |
| 55-59 | 809 | 717 | 1.526 | 1.455 | 1,184 | 2,639 | 2.75 | 1,113 | 72.94 |
| 60-64 | 574 | 591 | 1,165 | 848 | 842 | -,690 | 1.76 | 525 | 45.06 |
| 65-69 | 359 | 433 | 792 | 524. | 648 | 1.172 | 1.22 | 380 | 47.98 |
| 70-74 | 221 | 299 | 520 | 344 | 462 | 806 | 0.84 | 286 | 55.00 |
| 75-79 | 113 | 162 | 275 | 186 | 294 | 480 | 0,50 | 205 | 74.55 |
| 80-84 | 51 | 76 | 127 | 75 | 151 | 226 | 0.24 | 99 | 77.95 |
| 85-89 | 13 | 31 | 44 | 33 | 55 | 88 | 0.09 | 44 | 100.00 |
| 90-94 | 7 | 10 | 17 | 7 | 16 | 23 | 0.02 | 6 | 35.29 |
| 95-99 |  |  |  |  | 5 | 5 | 0.01 | 5 |  |
| Total | 30,858 | 27.970 | 58,828 | 49,977 | 46.036 | 96,013 | 100.00 | 37.185 | 63.21 |
| Under 21 | 13,402 | 12,514 | 25,916 | 22,327 | 20.853 | 43,160 | 44.97 | 17.264 | 66.62 |
| 21-64 | 16,692 | 14.445 | 31,137 | 26,481 | 23.552 | 50,033 | 52.11 | 18,896 | 60.69 |
| 65 \& over | 764 | 1,011 | 1.775 | 1,169 | 1.631 | 2,800 | 2.92 | 1.025 | $57+5$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { TOMAI AUSTRAIIAN } \\ & \text { CAPITAT TERRITORY } \end{aligned}$ | 30,858 | 27.970 | 58,828 | 49,977 | 46,036 | 96,013 | 100.00 | 37.185 | 63.21 |

(a) Recorded ages adjusted by the distribution of ages mot stated ${ }^{\text {p }}$.

TABLE 60 - POPULAPTOH, BY AGE (GROUPED AGES) (a): PERCMNTAGE DISTRIBUPION, AUSTRAIIAN CAPITAL TERRTTORY, CENSUSES 21933 , TPO 1966

| Age last Birthday (years) | Population : Distribution by age at each Census |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Census } \\ 1933 \end{gathered}$ | Census, 1947 | Census, 1954 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Census, } \\ 1961 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Census, } \\ 1966{ }^{2} \end{gathered}$ |
|  | \% | \% | $\%$ | \% | \% |
| 0-4 | 10.76 | 9.89 | 13.34 | 13.32 | 12.05 |
| 5-9 | 10.72 | 8.48 | 10.85 | 11.60 | 11.61 |
| 10-14 | 9.54 | 6.87 | 7.24 | 10.18 | 9.46 |
| 15-19 | 8.26 | 9.54 | 5.95 | 7.40 | 9.94 |
| 20-24 | 7.97 | 10.64 | 8.40 | 8.05 | 9.15 |
| 25-29 | 8.55 | 9.59 | 10.92 | 7.93 | 8.51 |
| 30-34 | 8.90 | 8.94 | 10.42 | 8.78 | 7.31 |
| 35-39 | 9.37 | 7.52 | 7.81 | 9.25 | 7.57 |
| 40-44 | 7.86 | 6.41 | 6.85 | 6.90 | 7.52 |
| 45-49 | 6.40 | 6.45 | 5.08 | 5.28 | 5.47 |
| 50-54 | 4.34 | 5.71 | 4.25 | 3.72 | 3.96 |
| 55-59 | 2.82 | 4.33 | 3.30 | 2.59 | 2.75 |
| 60-64 | 2.10 | 2.62 | 2.53 | 1.98 | 1.76 |
| 65-69 | 1.18 | 1.41 | 1.53 | 1.35 | 1.22 |
| $70-74$ | 0.67 | 0.77 | 0.79 | 0.88 | 0.84 |
| 75 and over | 0.56 | 0.86 | 0.74 | 0.79 | 0.86 |
| Total | 100,00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 10600 | 100.00 |
| Under 21 | 40.86 | 36.91 | 38.77 | 4.05 | 44.97 |
| 21-64 | 56.72 | 60.04 | 58.18 | 52.93 | 52.11 |
| 65 and over | 2.42 | 3.05 | 3.05 | 3.02 | 2.92 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { TOTAL AUSTRAIIAN } \\ & \text { CAPTTAL IERRITORY } \end{aligned}$ | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |

(a) Recorded ages adjusted by the distribution of ages mot steted".

## 5. Marital Status

At the 1966 Census, persons were asked to state marital statas in accordance with the following instractions.

> "If never married, write "M.Mo ${ }^{\text {"; }}$ at present marmied, write MM"; married but permanently separated (legally or otherwise), write "P.S."; divorced and not remarried, write ${ }^{\text {sp }}$ "; widowed and notremarried, write "W"。
> A very smail proportion of persons omitted to state any marital status. In such cases, marital status was assessed as follows.

Males under 20 years of age and females under 18 years of age were classified "never married" unless there was definite evidence of mamojage given in the Schedule, in which case they were classified. "married". All other persons were classified "married" if there was any evidence of marriage given in the Schedule. Otherwise a marital status was allocated from a rancom list according to the age and sex of the person concemed.

TABLE 7. - POPULATION, BY MARITAI, STATUS: AUSTFALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, CENSUSES, 1961 AND 1966

(a) Legally or othemise

TABLE 8. - POPULATION, BY MARTTAL STATUS: PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION, AUSTRAITAN CAPITAL TERRITTORY, CENSUSES 1933 TO 1966

| Census | Never <br> Married | Married | Permanently <br> Separated <br> $(a)$ | Divorced | Widowed | Not <br> Stated | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\%$ | $\%$ | $\%$ | $\%$ | $\%$ | $\%$ | $\%$ |
| 1933 | 54.88 | $(\mathrm{~b}) 41.90$ | $(\mathrm{~b})$ | 0.23 | 2.54 | 0.45 | 100.00 |
| 1947 | 50.63 | 43.69 | 1.30 | 0.70 | 3.28 | 0.40 | 100.00 |
| 1954 | 49.95 | 45.78 | 0.91 | 0.73 | 2.62 | 0.01 | 100.00 |
| 1961 | 52.55 | 43.47 | 0.87 | 0.65 | 2.46 | $(\mathrm{c})$ | 100.00 |
| 1966 | 52.96 | 43.04 | 0.88 | 0.77 | 2.35 | $(\mathrm{c})$ | 100.00 |

(a) Legally or otherwise. (b) "Permanently separated" included with "married".
(c) See section 5 above.
6. Birthplace

At the 1966 Census persons were asked to state birthplace in accordance with the following instructions.
"For persons born in Australia write the name of the Stete or Tecritory where born. For persons born outside Australia write the neme of the country where borm (not town or locality)."

For the small number of cases where no reply was given the allocation of a birthplace was made in accordance with other information on the schedule (usually nationality).

TABLE 2. - POPULARION, BY BIRTHPLACE : AUSTRAITIAN CAPITAI TBRRTTORY, CENSUSES, 1961 AND 1966

| Birthplace | $\begin{gathered} \text { Census, } 30 \\ \text { June } 1961 \\ \text { Persons } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Gensus, 30 June 1966 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Intercensal } \\ & \text { Increase } \\ & \text { ox Decrease } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Males | Females | Persons |  |
| AUSTRALASIA Australia - |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New South Wailes | 19.419 | 15,875 | 15,683 | 31,558 | 12.139 |
| Victoria | 5,659 | 5,036 | 4,647 | 9,683 | 4,024 |
| Queensland | 1,990 | 1,952 | 1,883 | 3,835 | 1,845 |
| South Australia | 1,145 | 1.177 | 1,038 | 2,215 | 1.070 |
| Westerm Australia | 1,189 | 910 | 901 | 1,811 | 622 |
| Tasmania | 599 | 481 | 519 | 1,000 | 401 |
| Northem Territory | 82 | 88 | 79 | 167 | 85 |
| Australian Capital Territory | 12.772 | 10,082 | 9,480 | 19,562 | 6.790 |
| Australia (undefined) | 278 | 359 | 398 | 757 | 479 |
| Total born in Anstralia | 43,133 | 35.960 | 34,628 | 70,588 | 27.455 |
| Norfolk Island | 5 | 4 | 5 | 9 | 4 |
| Christmas Island | - | $\cdots$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\cdots$ |
| Cocos (Keeling) Islands | $\bigcirc$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\cdots$ |
| Papua | 19 | 36 | 33 | 69 | 50 |
| New Guinea | 19 | 33 | 34 | 64 | 45 |
| Nauru | 2 | 21 | 7 | 28 | 26 |
| Total borm in Australian External Territories | 45 | 94 | 76 | 170 | 125 |
| New Zealand | 449 | 424 | 351 | 775 | 326 |
| Total born in Australasia | 43,627 | 36,478 | 35,055 | 71.533 | 27.906 |
| EUROPE - |  |  |  |  |  |
| England | 4,465 | 3.977 | 3.500 | 7.477 | 3.312 |
| Wales | 104 | 114 | 92 | 206 | 102 |
| Scotiand | 1,058 | 863 | 784 | 1,647 | 589 |
| Northern Ireland | 123 | 107 | 94 | 201 | 78 |
| Ireland, Republic of | 58 | 44 | 35 | 79 | 21 |
| Ireland (undefined) | 154 | 124 | 95 | 219 | 65 |
| Albania | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | -2 |
| Austria | 449 | - 294 | 200 | 494 | 45 |
| Belgiun | 12 | 40 | 41 | 81 | 69 |
| Bulgaria | 15 | 15 | 2 | 17 | 2 |
| Czechoslovakia | 125 | 132 | 55 | 187 | 62 |
| Denmark | 66 | 52 | 29 | 81 | 15 |
| Estonia | 101 | 53 | 56 | 109 | 8 |
| Finland | 357 | 244 | 240 | 484 | 127 |
| France | 85 | 59 | 64 | 123 | 38 |
| Germany | 1,512 | 1.067 | 984 | 2,051 | 539 |
| Greece | 368 | 518 | 350 | 368 | 500 |
| Hungexy | 286 | 282 | 180 | 462 | 176 |
| Italy | 1,276 | 1.120 | 756 | 1.876 | 600 |
| Latvia | 248 | 148 | 139 | 287 | 39 |
| Lithuania | 157 | 102 | 72 | 174 | 17 |
| Malta | 215 | 163 | 142 | 305 | 90 |

TAELE 20 - POPJLATION, BY BIRTHPLACE \& AOSTRATTAN CRPTDAI TGRETYORY
CINSUSES, 1961 AND 1966 - entimueg

| Birthplace | $\begin{gathered} \text { Census, } 30 \\ \text { June } 1961 \\ \text { Pergage } \end{gathered}$ | Censue, 30 Jume 1966 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Intereensal } \\ & \text { Increase } \\ & \text { or Decreese } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Malee | Femeles | Persons |  |
| EUROPE - continued. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Netherlands | 1.861 | 787 | 683 | 1.470 | 309 |
| Norwey | 83 | 65 | 42 | $10^{77}$ | 24 |
| Poland | 666 | 498 | 298 | 783 | 117 |
| Portugal | 49 | 46 | 40 | 86 | 37 |
| Romania, | 40 | 38 | 22 | 60 | 20 |
| Spain | 45 | 197 | 172 | 369 | 32.4 |
| Sweder | 28 | 25 | 26 | 51 | 23 |
| Switzerland | 65 | 47 | 50 | 97 | 32 |
| U.S.S.R. | 304 | 186 | 176 | 362 | 58 |
| Tugoslevie | 574 | 830 | 442 | 1.272 | 698 |
| Other cowntries in Purope | 33 | 14 | 14 | 28 | - 5 |
| Total bom in Europe | 13.986 | 12,245 | 9,870 | 22.815 | 8.129 |
| ASIA - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Burma | 36 | 14 | 12 | 26 | - 10 |
| Ceylon | 38 | 42 | 49 | 91 | 53 |
| China | 93 | 86 | 64 | 150 | 57 |
| Cyprus | 19 | 26 | 9 | 35 | 16 |
| Hong Kong | 19 | 34 | 20 | 54. | 35 |
| India | 118 | 9.01 | 103 | 204 | 86 |
| Indonexia. | 103 | 65 | 54 | 116 | 13 |
| Istreel | 44 | 11 | 9 | 20 | 6 |
| Japen | 53 | 40 | 59 | 98 | 38 |
| Lebanon | 4 | 11 | 7 | 18 | 14 |
| Malaysia | 56 | 110 | 54 | 164 | 108 |
| Pakisten | 10 | 14 | 9 | 23 | 13 |
| Philippines | 1 | 5 | 12 | 17 | 16 |
| Singapore | 29 | 46 | 27 | 73 | 8.6 |
| Syria | 2 | 1 | $\therefore$ | 1 | - 1 |
| Thailand | 8 | 15 | 14 | 29 | 21 |
| Turikey | 12 | 10 | 9 | 19 | 7 |
| Other countries in Asia | 37 | 25 | 25 | 50 | 13 |
| Total borm in Asta | 650 | 656 | 525 | 1.881 | 531 |
| AFRICA - |  |  |  |  |  |
| United Arab Republic | 39 | 48 | 34 | 82 | 43 |
| Republic of South dirica | 72 | 34 | 78 | 125 | 53 |
| Other cowntries in Africa | 49 | 79 | 80 | 159 | 110 |
| Total borm in Africa | 160 | 187 | 185 | 366 | 206 |
| AMERICA - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 73 | 84 | 95 | 179 | 106 |
| United States of America | 264 | 266 | 217 | 483 | 219 |
| West Indies Federation | 12 | 7 | 10 | 17 | 5 |
| Other couatries in Nowth America, | 5 | 4 | 6 | 10 | 5 |
| Countries in South America | 13 | 14 | 28 | 41 | 28 |
| Total born in Araerica | $36 \%$ | 375 | 355 | 730 | 363 |
| PACIFIC ISLANDS - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fiji | 21 | 28 | 27 | 55 | 34 |
| New Caledonia | 8 | 1 | 5 | 6 | - 2 |
| New Hebrices | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| Other Pacific Islands | 6 | 8 | 10 | 18 | 12 |
| Potel bora in Prejfie Islands | 35 | 39 | 43 | 82 | 46 |
| OTHER = |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total bom in Australla | 43.133 | 35.960 | 34,628 | 70,588 | 27,455 |
| Total born outside Avstrelia | 15.695 | 14.017 | 11.408 | 25,A25 | 92730 |
| GRAND TOTAL | 58,828 | 49.977 | 46,036 | 96,013 | 37,185 |

MOTR. Minus sign ( - ) denotes deorease in popuationo

TABLE 10. - POPULATION, BY BIRTHPLAGE : PERCEATPACE DISTRTBUTION, AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, CENSUSES, 1947 TO 1966

| Birthplace | Proportion of total popalation acoording to bimthplace |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1947 | 1954 | 1961 | 1966 |
|  | \% | \% | $\%$ | $\%$ |
| AUSTRALASTA - |  |  |  |  |
| Australia | 88.38 | 70.67 | 73.32 | 73.52 |
| New Zealand | 1.07 | 0.78 | 0.76 | 0.81 |
| Other Australasia | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.08 | 0.18 |
| Total borm in Australasia | 89.49 | 79.50 | 74.96 | 74.50 |
| EUROPE - |  |  |  |  |
| Urited Kingdom and Republic of Ireland. | 9.07 | 8.67 | 9.62 | 10.24 |
| Austria | 0.07 | 0.23 | 0.76 | 0.54 |
| Germany | 0.08 | 1.77 | 2.57 | 2.14 |
| Greeee | 0.20 | 0.28 | 0.63 | 0.90 |
| Italy | 0.15 | 1.08 | 2.17 | 1.95 |
| Malta | 0.02 | 0.41 | 0.37 | 0.32 |
| Netherlands | 0.01 | 1.24 | 1.97 | 1.53 |
| Poland | 0.04 | 1.84 | 8.13 | 0.82 |
| Yugoslavia | 0.01 | 0.33 | 0.98 | 1.32 |
| Other countries in Europe | 0.25 | 3.33 | 3.57 | 3.30 |
| Total born in Europe | 9.90 | 19.19 | 23.77 | 23.03 |
| Other Birthplaces | 0.69 | 1.31 | 2.07 | 2.46 |
| Total born in Australia | 88.38 | 78.67 | 73.32 | 73.52 |
| Total born outside Australia. | 11.62 | 29.33 | 26.68 | 26.43 |
| GRAND TOTAL | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |

## 7. Period of Residence in Australia

Persons who were born outside Australia were asked to state their period of residence in Australia in accordance with the following instructions.
"For persons borm outside Australia write the number of completed years of contixuous residence in Australia ignoring absences of less tham twelve months. If resident less than twelve months, write "O"."

It should be noted that table 11 below relates to period of residence of oversea born persons in Australia and not to period of residence in the Australiant Capital Territory.

TABLE 11. - OVERSEAS BORN POPULATION, BY PERIOD OF RESIDENCE IN AUSTRALIA: NUMBERS AND PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION: AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY 2 CENSUSES 1961 AND 1966

| Period of Residence in Australia (Years) | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Census } \\ 30 \text { June } \\ 1961 \\ \text { Persons } \end{array}$ | Census 30 June 1966 |  |  | Proportion of overseas born population |  | Intercensal <br> Increase or <br> Decrease |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Males | Females | Persons |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \% | \% |  |
| Under 1 year | 1,271 | 1.198 | 1.006 | 2,204 | 8.10 | 8.67 | 933 |
| 1 and under 2 | 1,151 | 78.3 | 690 | 1.473 | 7.33 | 5.79 | 322 |
| 2110 | 1,081 | 782 | 732 | 1,514 | 6.89 | 5.95 | 433 |
| $3 " \sim 4$ | 1,032 | 679 | 580 | 1,259 | 6.58 | 4.95 | 22.7 |
| $4 \%$ " 5 | 1,116 | 534 | 539 | 1,073 | 7.11 | 4.22 | -43 |
| 5 years and over | 9,891 | 9,840 | 7.719 | 17.559 | 63.02 | 69.06 | 7,668 |
| Not stated | 153 | 201 | 142 | 343 | 0.97 | 1.35 | 190 |
| Total Born Outside Australia | 15,695 | 14.017 | 11.408 | 25,425 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 9,730 |

NOTE. Minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

## 8. Nationality

At the 1966 Census persons were asked to state nationality in accordance with the following instructions.
"State nationality or citizenship of the person in relation to the country to which he or she owes legal allegiance, for example:
"Australian", "British", "French", "Stateless", etc. If Australian or British by naturalization, write "Australian" or "British"。"

The tables in this section relate to nationality rather than to citizenship and consequently the category "British" includes all persons who, by virtue of the Nationality and Citizenship Act, 1948 m 1966 , are deemed to be British subjects. Under Section 7 of the Act this includes citizens of: "(a) the United Kingdom and Colonies; (b) Canada; (c) New Zealand; (d) the Union of South Africa; (e) India; (f) Pakistan; (g) Ceylon; (h) the Federation of Rhodesia and Nyasaland; (i) Ghana; (j) the Federation of Malaya; (k) the State of Singapore."

Also included are persons who, under the Nationality and Citizenship Act 1948-1966, are Australian citizens or citizens of any other country declared by Regulation 5A of the Citizenship Regulations to be "a country within the Commonwealth of Nations". These are the Federation of Nigeria, the Republic of Cyprus, Sierra Leonne, Tanganyika, Trinidad and Tobago, Jganda, Jamaica and Malaysia.

In the small number of cases where nationality was not stated allocation of a selected nationality was made in accordance with other information on the Schedule (usually birthplace).

TABLE 12. - POPULATION, BY NATIONAIITY : AUSTRALIAN CRPTMAL TEPRIMORY,
CENSUSES, 1961 AND 1966

| Nationality | Census, 30 <br> June 1961 <br> Persons | Census, 30 June 1966 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Intercensal } \\ & \text { Increase } \\ & \text { or Decrease } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Males | Females | Persons |  |
| BRITISH (a) - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Born in Australia | 43, $\ddagger 33$ | 35,960 | 34,628 | 70,588 | 27,455 |
| Borm outside Australia | 9.791 | 9.971 | 8,262 | 18,233 | 8,442 |
| Total British (a) | 52,924 | 45.931 | 42,890 | 88,82\% | 35,897 |
| FOREIGN - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Albanian | 2 | 1 | $\because$ | 1 | -1 |
| Austrien | 352 | 192 | 124 | 316 | - 36 |
| Beldien | 10 | 30 | 32 | 62 | 52 |
| Bulgamian | 2 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 3 |
| Burcaese | 25 | 2 | 3 | 5 | - 20 |
| Chinese | 29 | 27 | 17 | 44 | 15 |
| Czechoslovak | 8 | 19 | 4 | 23 | 15 |
| Danish | 45 | 16 | 11 | 27 | - 18 |
| Dateh | 785 | 343 | 353 | 696 | - 89 |
| Estonian | 16 | 3 | 3 | 6 | - 10 |
| Filipino | 1 | 3 | 8 | 11 | 10 |
| Finnish | 354 | 219 | 206 | 425 | 71 |
| French | 69 | 39 | 40 | 79 | 10 |
| Gemtian | 924 | 487 | 422 | 909 | - 15 |
| Greek | 276 | 338 | 279 | 617 | 341 |
| Hixazaxian | 160 | 61 | 38 | 99 | -61 |
| Indonesian | 43 | 9 | 12 | 21 | - 22 |
| Israeli | 3 | 4 | 2 | 6 | 3 |
| Italian | 1,005 | 748 | 565 | 1,313 | 308 |
| Japanese | 21 | 19 | 23 | 42 | 21 |
| Latvian | 72 | 22 | 10 | 32 | - 40 |
| Lebanese | 2 | 4 | 2 | 6 | 4 |
| Lithuanian | 22 | 4 | 3 | 7 | - 15 |
| Norwegrian | 72 | 35 | 28 | 63 | -9 |
| Polish | 442 | 191 | 133 | 324 | - 118 |
| Porituguese | 47 | 38 | 34 | 72 | 25 |
| Romanian | 3 | 4. | 6 | 10 | 7 |
| Russian | (b) 98 | 30 | 22 | 52 | - 46 |
| Spanish | 36 | 185 | 158 | 343 | 307 |
| Swedish | 28 | 16 | 18 | 34 | 6 |
| Swiss | 43 | 24 | 20 | 44 | 1 |
| Syrian | 1 | - | $\cdots$ | $\bigcirc$ | - 1 |
| Thai | 16 | 6 | 7 | 13 | - 3 |
| Turkish | - | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| U.S. American | 206 | 232 | 185 | 417 | 211 |
| Citizen of the United Arab |  |  |  |  |  |
| Republic | $\cdots$ | 1 | $\bigcirc$ | 1 | 1 |
| Yugoslav | 380 | 529 | 287 | 816 | 436 |
| Stateless | 280 | 134. | 60 | 194 | - 86 |
| Other | 26 | 25 | 29 | 54 | 28 |
| Total Foreign | 5,904 | 4,046 | 3,146 | 7.192 | 1,288 |
| GRAND TOTAL | 58,828 | 49,977 | 46,036 | 96,013 | 37,185 |

NOTE. Minus sign (-) denotes decrease in population. (a) See section 8.
Additionally for the purposes of this table Irish Nationality is included with Pritish. (b) Includes Jkrainian.

TABLE 13. - POPULATION, BY NATIONALITY: PERCEINTAGE DISTRIBUTION.
AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRTITORY, CENSUSES, 1947 TO 1966

| Nationality | Proportion of total population according to Nationality |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1947 | 1954 | 1961 | 1966 |
|  | \% | \% | \% | \% |
| BRIPISH (a) - <br> Borm in Australia <br> Borm outside Australia | $\begin{aligned} & 88.38 \\ & 11.33 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 78.67 \\ & 11.80 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 73.32 \\ & 16.64 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 73.52 \\ & 18.99 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total British | 99.71 | 90.47 | 89.96 | 92.51 |
| FORETGN - |  |  |  |  |
| Austrian | 0.01 | 0.08 | 0.60 | 0.33 |
| Datch | 0.02 | 1.28 | 1.33 | 0.72 |
| German | 0.02 | 0.68 | 1.57 | 0.95 |
| Greek | 0.05 | 0.20 | 0.47 | 0.64 |
| Italian | 0.02 | 0.94 | 1.71 | 1.37 |
| Polish | - | 2.19 | 0.75 | 0.34 |
| Yugoslav | $\bigcirc$ | 0.32 | 0.65 | 0.85 |
| All other nationalities | 0.17 | 3.85 | 2.96 | 2.29 |
| Total Foreign | 0.29 | 9.53 | 10.04 | 7.49 |
| GRAND TOTAL | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |

(a) See note (a) to Table 12.

## 9. Religion

At the 1966 Gensus persons were asked to state their religion in accordance with the following instructions.
"State the full name of the religious denomination. (There is no penalty for failure to answer this question)."

Section 21 of the Census and Statistics Act, $1905-1966$ provides that "No person shall be liable to any penalty for omitting or refusing to state the religious denomination or sect to which he belongs or adheres."

Owing to the very large numbers of persons who take advantage of the voluntary nature of the question and who failed to give any particulars regarding religion at the 1966 Census and at the three preceding Censuses, it is not possible to define precisely the composition of the population in terms of religious creed; neither is it possible to make entirely satisfactory intercensal comparisons of the mumbers of persons adhering to the various religious denominations.

TABLE 14. - POPULATION, BY RELIGIOUS DENOMTNATION : NOMBERS AND PHRCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION. AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, CENSUSES, 1961 AND 1966

| Religion | Census, 30 June 1961 Persons | Census, 30 June 1966 |  |  | Proportion of total population |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Intercensal } \\ \text { Increase } \\ \text { or Decrease } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Males | Females | Persons |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1961 | 1966 | Numerical |
|  |  |  |  |  | \% | \% |  |
| CHRISTIAN - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Baptist | 687 | 542 | 604 | 1,146 | 1.17 | 1.19 | 459 |
| Brethren | 43 | 30 | 34 | 64 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 21 |
| Catholic, Roman (a) | 7,116 | 5,867 | 4,885 | 10,752 | 12.10 | 11.20 | 3,636 |
| Catholic (a) | 11,531 | 10,475 | 10,068 | 20,543 | 19.60 | 21.40 | 9,012 |
| Churches of Christ | 393 | 312 | 340 | 652 | 0.67 | 0.68 | 259 |
| Church of England | 20,307 | 15,733 | 15,424 | 31.157 | 34.52 | 32.45 | 10,850 |
| Congregational | 270 | 234 | 197 | 431 | 0.46 | 0.45 | 161 |
| Orthodox | 903 | 1,045 | 779 | 1,824 | 1.53 | 1.90 | 921 |
| Lutheran | 1,606 | 1,264 | 1,150 | 2,414 | 2.73 | 2.51 | 808 |
| Methodist | 3,380 | 2,655 | 2,578 | 5,233 | 5.75 | 5.45 | 1,853 |
| Presbyterian | 5,384 | 4,371 | 4,233 | 8,604 | 9.15 | 8.96 | 3,220 |
| Salvation Arny | 121 | 119 | 117 | 236 | 0.21 | 0.25 | 115 |
| Seventh-day Adventist | 77 | 74 | 93 | 167 | 0.13 | 0.17 | 90 |
| Protestant (undefined) | 343 | 313 | 264 | 577 | 0.58 | 0.60 | 234 |
| Other (including Christian undefined) | 393 | 470 | 442 | 912 | 0.67 | 0.95 | 519 |
| Total Christian | 52,554 | 43,504 | 41,208 | 84,712 | 89.33 | 88.23 | 32,158 |
| NON-CHRISTIAN - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hebrew | 111 | 118 | 85 | 203 | 0.19 | 0.21 | 92 |
| Other | 192 | 122 | 64 | 186 | 0.33 | 0.19 | -6 |
| Total Non-Christian | 303 | 240 | 149 | 389 | 0.52 | 0.41 | 86 |
| Indefinite | 77 | 144 | 114 | 258 | 0.13 | 0.27 | 181 |
| No religion | 536 | 1,884 | 1.182 | 3,066 | 0.91 | 3.19 | 2,530 |
| No reply | 5,358 | 4,205 | 3,383 | 7,588 | 9.11 | 7.90 | 2,230 |
| GRAND TOTAL | 58,828 | 49,977 | 46,036 | 96,013 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 37,185 |

(a) As stated in individual Census Schedules. NOTE. Minus sign (-) denotes decrease in population.

At the 1966 Census persons in the Australian Capital Territory were asked to state their level of education in accordance with the following instructions.
"For each person state the highest level of schooling completed. If passed at Leaving, Matriculation, Senior or Schools Board (A and B certificate) level, write "Mn". If passed at Intermediate, Junior or Secondary School Certificate level, write "J". If attended secondary school ( $e_{0}$ g., high, technical, non-Government, post primary) but passed no examination at Intermediate etc., level or above, write "H". If attended or completed infants" or primary school or passed final primary examinations such as Qualifying Certificate (Q.Co), Merit, High School Fintrance, Scholarship, etc., write "P". If never attended school, write "N"。

Note: For persons whose highest level of schooling was received overseas, state what is considered to be the Australian equivalent."

In addition to the above, which relates to level of schooling, persons with qualifications received after completion of formal schooling were required to supply information in accordance with the following instruction.
"Qualifications. State the person's qualifications, trade training or other qualifications and the institution at which obtained e.g., Bachelor of Engineering, University of Sydney; Diploma of Architecture, South Ausiralian Institute of Technology; A.A.S.A.; Certificate of Management, Hobart Technical College; Five years' Apprenticeship."

The information obtained was used to determine two additional levels of completed education, viz. University degree and Other tertiary qualifications. Particulars of individual qualifications are not available。

It was intended that persons attending secondary school who had not passed examinations at intermediate level should answer "H". However, this intention was obscured by the use of the past tense in the instruction, with the result that some secondary school students were either recorded as having attended primary school ("P") or the level of schooling was not stated.

To provide for this misunderstanding, all 12, 13 and 14 year olds show as "P" were redistributed as "P" or "H" in proportion with age distributions obtained from the Department of Education.

In the cases where education level was not stated for either this or other reasons persons were classified "never attended school" or "primary" according to age and other information on the Schedule (particularly activity). Children aged 12-14 years were allocated in accordance with the proportion of children of each age in primary and secondary school as recorded by the Department of Education during the intercensal period. Children aged 15 or 16 years were classified "secondary" where other information on the Schedule showed them to be still attending school.

TABLE 15. - POPULATION, BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT: : NUMBERS AND PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION.
AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITTORY, CEINSUS, 30 JUNE 1966

| Highest Level of Education Attained | Census, 30 June 1966 |  |  | Proportion of total Population |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males | Females | Persons | Males | Femeles | Persons |
| Tertiaxy |  |  |  | \% | \% | $\%$ |
| University degree | 3,688 | 1,259 | 4,947 | 7.38 | 2.74 | 5.15 |
| Other tertiary qualifications | 1,467 | 1,169 | 2,636 | 2.94 | 2.54 | 2.75 |
| Secondary - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Passed at leaving or matriculation level | 7,358 | 5,169 | 12,527 | 14.72 | 11.23 | 13.05 |
| Passed at intermediate level | 10,410 | 11,675 | 22,085 | 20.83 | 25.36 | 23.00 |
| Attended secondary school (a) | 8,718 | 8,946 | 17,664 | 17.44 | 19.43 | 18.40 |
| Primary - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Attended primary school (b) | 11,611 | 11,449 | 23,060 | 23.23 | 24.87 | 24.02 |
| No schooling | 6,099 | 5,885 | 11.984 | 12.20 | 12.78 | 12.48 |
| Not stated | 626 | 484 | 1,110 | 1.25 | 1.05 | 1.16 |
| GRAND TOTAI | 49,977 | 46,036 | 96,013 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |

(a) Passed no examinations at Intemediate level or above. (b) Or passed final primary examinations.

At the 1961 and previous Censuses the work force was determined as ：
＂Those who are engaged in an industry，business，profession，trade or service at the time of the Census（including those on long semrice leave， etc．）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．＂；and
＂．．．．．．．．those out of a job at time of the Census but who are usually engaged in an industry，business，profession，trade or service ．．．．．．．．．．＂

At the 1966 Census an additional set of four questions was asked in order to obtain infomation on the basis of which the work force coula be determined more precisely．The questions were as follows．
＂Did the person have a job or business of any kind last week（even though he may have been temporacily absent from it）？ANSWER＂YES＂or＂NO＂。＂
＂Did the person do any work at all last week for payment or profit？ ANSWER＂YES＂or＂NO＂．Persons working without pay as a helper in a ＂family business＂or faxm and members of the clergy and of religious orders（other than purely contemplative orders）should answer＂YES＂to this question．Persons doing only unpaid housework should answer＂NO＂．＂
＂Was the person temporarily laid off by his employer without pay for the whole of last week？ANSWER＂YES＂or＂NO＂＂
＂Did the person look for work last week？ANSWER＂YES＂or＂NO＂． （Note：＂Looking for work＂means（i）being registered with Commonwealth Employment Service，or（ii）approaching prospective employers，or（iii） placing or answering advertisements，or（iv）writing letters of application， or（ $v$ ）awaiting the result of recent applications）．＂

The work force includes all persons for whom the answer＂yes＂was given to any one of these four questions．

This approach conforms closely to the recommendations of the Eighth International Conference of Labour Statisticians held in Geneva in 1954 and the information so obtained has been used in determining the work force for the purposes of the 1966 Census．

The effect of the new definition is to include additional persons in the rork force．This applies particularly to those working part－time（sometimes for only a few hours a week）some of whom，in 1961，may not have considered themselves as ＂．．．．．．．engaged in an industry，business，profession，trade or service，＂

## 12．Occupational Status

Persons in the work force were asked to state occupational status in accordance with the following instructions．

```
"If working for wages or salary
    (including apprentices), write "W".
If conducting ow business or
    profession and not at present
    employing others, write "O".
```

If conducting own business or profession and at present employing others，write＂E＂。
If helping but not receiving wages or salary，write＂H＂．
If looking for first job，write＂F＂．＂

Persons not in the work force were asked to state activity in accordance with the following instructions．
＂Persons not engaged in an industry，business，profession trade or service。
For－Children not attending school，write＂CP，Full－time students or
children attending school，write＂S＂．Mainly dependent on pension or superannuation，write＂P＂．Of independent means，write＂M＂．Engaged in unpaid home duties，write＂H．D．＂．Inmates of institutions（e．g．，for invalids and the aged，gaols，reformatories，etc．），write＂T＂．Others not engaged in industry，etc．，write＂M．A．＂．（Young persons seeking work but not previously employed，write＂ 0 ＂in answer to this question）．＂

TABLE 16. - POPULATION, BY OCCUPATIONAL STATUS: NUNBERS AND PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION, AUSTRAITAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, CHNSUS, 30 JUNE 1966

| Gccupational Status | Canberra <br> Metropoiitan Area |  | Rural A.C. ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | Total A。Cor. |  |  | Proportion of Total. <br> Population |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males | Females | Males | Females | Males | Females | Persons |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \% |
| IIN WORK FORCE - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employed - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employer | 1,329 | 257 | 59 | 14 | 1,388 | 271 | 1,659 | 1.73 |
| Self-Employed | 1.199 | 251 | 87 | 12 | 1,286 | 263 | 1,549 | 1.61 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HeIper, Uripaid | 43 | 130 | 3 | 8 | 27.304 | 138 | 184 | 0.19 |
| Total Employed | 28,530 | 13,081 | 1.494 | 365 | 30,024 | 13,446 | 43,470 | 45.28 |
| Unemployed | 204 | 223 | 10 | 9 | 214 | 232 | 446 | 0.46 |
| Sotal in Work Force | 28,734 | 13,30.4 | 1,504 | 374 | 30,238 | 13,678 | 43,916 | 45.74 |
| NOT IN WORK FORCE - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child attending school or full-time student | 5,731 12,093 | 11,047 | 278 362 | 330 | 12,455 | 5,763 11.377 | 23,832 | 12.26 24.82 |
| Mainly dependent on pension or superannuation | 12,093 764 | 11.047 1.317 | 362 31 | 330 39 | 12,455 795 | 1.356 | 2,151 | 2.24 |
| Of independent means | 122 | 192 | 2 | 4 | 124 | 196 | 320 | 0.33 |
| Home duties |  | 12,835 | - | 540 | . | 13,375 | 13,375 | 13.93 |
| Inmates of |  |  |  |  |  | 13:375 | 13,375 |  |
| institutions | 15 | 31 | c | 3 | 15 | 34 | 49 | 0.05 |
| Other not in work |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| force | 325 | 254 | 16 | 3 | 341 | 257 | 598 | 0.62 |
| Total Not in Work |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Force | , 050 | ,220 | 689 | 1.13 | 19.739 | 32,358 | 52,097 | 54.26 |
| GRAND TOTAL | 47.784 | 44.924 | 2.193 | 1,512 | 49,977 | 46,036 | 96,013 | 100.00 |

13. Industry

Persons in the work force were asked to state industry in accordance with the following instructions.

State the exact branch of industry, business or service in which mainly engaged last week, using two or more words where possible. For example, "Dairy Farming", "Coal Mining", "Woollen Mills", "Retail Grocery", "Road Construction", etc. Employees should state the industry of their employer. For example, a carpenter employed by a coal mining company should state "Coal Mining". If employed by a Govermment Department or other public body, state also its name for paid housekeepers and domestic servants in private households, write "P. H.".

From the answers to this question, persons were classified according to the Bureau's "Classification of Industries" which provides for each person to be classified according to the nature of the business in which mainly engaged, regardless of whether operated by a government authority, corporation or individual.

TABLE 17. - POPULATION, BY INDUSTRY: NUMBERS AND PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION, ATJSTRALIAIV CAPITAI TERRITORY, CFINSUS, 30 JUNE 1966
NOTE. Industry groups and sub-groups used in this table are contained in the 1966 Classification and Classified List of Industries published by this Bureau.

| Incustry Group and Sub |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| A. Prthary produciton - |  |
|  | Fishing |
| Huntias and trapping |  |
| Rurei incustwies |  |
| Porestuy |  |
|  | Motei Primasy Prouuction |

3. MINTIE AITD QUARRYING -

Mining (incluaing opencut mining)
Quarrying
Totel Mining and Quarrying
c. MANUPACMURING -

Manuracture relating to cement, bricks, glass sind stone
Manufacture of produets of petroleum and coal (excluding chemioal and gas works)
Founding, engineering and metalworking
Manutatores, assembly and repair of ships, vehicles, perts and accessories
Manufecture of yarns, textiles and articles thereof (exciuding clothing and furnishing drapery)
Menufacture of clothing and knitted goods (incluaing needleworking)
Manufacture of boots, shoes and accessories (other than inlbber or plastic)
Manufacture of food, drink and tobacco
Sawmilling and monufacture of wood products (other then fumiture)
Manufacture of fumiture and fittings (other then metal), bedding and furnishing drapery
Manofacture of paper and paper products, printing packaging, bookbinding and photography
Menufecture of ohemicals, dyes, explosives, paints and non-mineral oils
Manufacture of jewellery, watchmaking, electroplating and minting
Preparation of skins and leather; manufacture of goods of leather and leather substitutes (other than olothing or iootwear)
Manufecture of mubber goods
Manvfacture of musicel, surgical and
scientific instruments and apparatus
Manufacture of plastic products (n.e.i.)
Other manufacturing
Manufacturing undefined

## Total Manufacturing

D. ELECTRICITY, GAS, WATER AND SANITARY SERVICES
(PRODUCTION, SUPPLY AND MAINPENANCE) -
Gas and electricity
Water supply, sewerage, etc.
Total Electricity, Gas, Water and Sanitary Services

TABEE 17. - POPULATTION, BY INDUSTRY: NUMBERS AND PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION, AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, CENSUS, 30 JUNE 1966 - continued
NOTE. Industry groups and sub-groups used in this table are contained in the 1966 Classification and Classified List of Industries published by this Bureau.
Industry Group and Sub-gro
E. BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION -
Construction and Repair of Buildian
Construction works (other than buin
Total Building and Constructio
F. TRANSPORT AND STORAGE -
Road transport
Shipping
Loading and discharging vessels
Rail and air transport
Other transport
Storage

Total Transport and Storage
G. COMmmication
H. FINANCE AND PROPERTY -

Banking
Insurance
Other finance and property

## Total Finance and Property

I. COMMERCE -

Wholesale Trade
Livestock and primary produce dealing, etc. Retail trade

Total Commerce
J. PUBLIC AUTHORITY (N.E.I.) AND DEFPNCE SERVICES -

Public authority activities ( $\mathrm{n}_{\bullet} \mathrm{e}_{\circ} \mathrm{i}_{.}$)
Defence : enlisted personnel
Defence : civilian employees
Total Public Authority (n.e.i.) and Defence Services
K. COMMUNITY AND BUSINESS SERVICES (INCL. PROFESSIONAT) -
Law, order and public safety Religion and social welfare Health, hospitals, etc.
Education
Other community and business services (incl. professional)

Total Community and Business Services
L. AMUSEMENT, HOTELS AND OTHER ACCOMMODATION, CAFES, PERSONAL SERVICE, EIC. Anusement, sport and recreation Private domestic service Hotels, boarding houses and other accommodation and restaurants Other personal services

Total Amusement, Hotels and Other
Accommodation Cafes, Personal Services, etc.

| Males | Females | Persons | Proportion of total Work Force |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | \% |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4,314 \\ & 1,265 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}158 \\ 22 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,472 \\ & 1,287 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10.18 \\ 2.93 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 5,579 | 180 | 5,759 | 13.11 |
| 721 | 56 | 777 | 1.77 |
|  | 4 | 13 | 0.03 |
| 1 | $\cdots$ | 1 | 0.00 |
| 185 | 39 | 224 | 0.51 |
| 1 | $\bigcirc$ | $\square$ | 0.01 |
| 917 | 102 | 1,019 | 2.32 |
| 571 | 217 | 788 | 1.79 |
| 348 | 233 | 581 | \}.32 |
| 229 | 150 | 379 | 0.86 |
| 258 | 212 | 470 | 1.07 |
| 835 | 595 | 1,430 | 3.26 |
|  |  |  | 2.22 0.06 |
| 1,889 | 1.846 | 3.735 | 8.50 |
| 2,687 | 2,052 | 4,739 | 10.79 |
| 6,553 | 3,000 | 9,553 | 21.75 |
| 2,629 | 208 | 2,837 | 6.46 |
| 974 | 528 | 1,502 | 3.42 |
| 10,156 | 3,736 | 13,892 | 31.63 |
| 429 | 119 | 548 | 1.25 |
| 191 | 104 | 295 | 0.67 |
| 331 | 1,182 | 1,513 | 3.45 |
| 1,897 | 2,174 | 4,071 | 9.27 |
| 528 | 252 | 780 | 1.78 |
| 3,376 | 3,831 | 7,207 | 16.41 |
| 681 | 205 | 886 | 2.02 |
| 40 | 233 | 273 | 0.62 |
| 703 | 1,051 | 1,754 | 3.99 |
| 262 | 359 | 621 | 1.41 |
| 1,686 | 1,848 | 3,534 | 8.05 |
|  |  |  |  |


AUSTRAITAN GAPTTAT, THRRTMORY, GMNGUS, 30 JTWE 1966 - continaed
NOTP. Industry groups and sob-groups used in this table are contained in the 1966 Classiffication and Geasiffed Inst of Industroies published by this Eureau.

| Industry Group end Smbegroun | MaLes | Femajes | Persons | Proportion of toter Work Fore |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M. OTHER INDUSTRIES | 4 | 2 | 6 | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{20}{\%} \\ & 0.01 \end{aligned}$ |
| N. INDUSTRY INADEQUATELT DESCRTBED OR INOT STATED | 360 | 412 | 772 | 1.96 |
| GRAND TOTAS TM THP WORK FORCE | 30,238 | 73,678 | 43.916 | 100.00 |

Persons in the work force were asked to state occupation in accordance with the following instructions.

> "State in precise (or award) terms the person's main occupation last week, using where possible two or more words. For example, "Builder ${ }^{\text {s }}$ Labourer", "Dairy Farm Hand", "Clothing Machinist", "Wood Machinist", "Motor Mechanic", "Electrical Fitter", "Coal Wheeler", "Dairy Farmer", etc. Employees of Government Departments or Authorities should be described by their official designation, such as "District Employment Officer", "Shire Clerk", etco, and not by such terms as "Public Servant", etc."

TABLE 18. - POPUIATION, BY OCCUPATION : NUMBERS AND PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION, AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, CENSUS, 30 JUNE 1966
NOTE. Occupation groups and minor groups used in this table are contained in the 1966 Classification and Classified List of Occupations published by this Bureau.

| Occupation Group | Males | Females | Persons | Proportion of total Work Force |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\%$ |
| 0. PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL AND RELATED WORKERS Architects, engineers and surveyors | 472 | 4 | 476 | 1.08 |
| Chemists, physicists, geologists and other physical scientists | 534 | 78 | 612 | 1.39 |
| Biologists, veterinarians, agronomists and related scientists | 137 | 18 | 155 | 0.35 |
| Medical practitioners and dentists | 158 | 28 | 186 | 0.42 |
| Nurses | 3 | 572 | 575 | 1.31 |
| Professional medical workers, n .e.c. | 53 | 55 | 108 | 0.25 |
| Teachers | 774 | 896 | 1,670 | 3.80 |
| Clergy and related members of religious orders | 177 | 23. | 200 | 0.46 |
| Law professionals | 133 | 11 | 144 | 0.33 |
| Artists, entertainers, writers and related workers | 328 | 98 | 426 | 0.97 |
| Draftsmen and technicians, n .e.c. | 1,117 | 345 | 1,462 | 3.33 |
| Other professional, technical and related workers | 1,077 | 285 | 1,362 | 3.10 |
| Total Professional, Technical and Related Workers | 4,963 | 2,413 | 7,376 | 16.80 |
| 1. ADMINISTRATIVE, EXECUTIVE AND MANAGERIAL WORKERS - |  |  |  |  |
| Administrators and executive officials, government, n.e.c. | 621 | 9 | 630 | 1.43 |
| Employers, workers on own account, directors, managers, n.e.c. | 1.828 | 316 | 2,144 | 4.88 |
| Total Administrative, Executive and Managerial Workers | 2,449 | 325 | 2,774 | 6.32 |
| 2. CLEPRICAL WORKERS - ${ }^{\text {- }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Book-keepers and cashiers | 260 | 281 | - 541 | 1.23 |
| Stenographers and typists |  | 2,360 | 2,360 | 5.37 |
| Other clerical workers | 5,163 | 3.493 | 8.656 | 19.71 |
| Total Clerical Workers | 5,423 | 6,134 | 11.557 | 26.32 |
| 3. SAIES WORXERS - |  |  |  |  |
| Insurance, real estate salesmen, auctioneers and valuers | 157 | 14 | 171 | 0.39 |
| Commercial travellers and nanufacturers ${ }^{\text {? }}$ agents | 271 | 23 | 294 | 0.67 |
| Proprietors and shapkeepers working on own account, $n . e_{0} c .$, retail and wholesale trade, salesmen, shop assistants and related workers | 812 | 1.335 | $2,147$ | 4.89 |
| Total Sales Workers | 1,240 | 1.372 | 2,612 | 5.95 |

## TABTE 180 - POPULATION, BY OCCUPATION: NOMBERS AND PERCEHNAGE DISTRIBUTYION, ADSTRALIAN CAPITAL TEPRRITORY, CENSUS 30 JUNE 1966 - continued

NOTE. Occupation groups and minor groups used in this table are contained in the 1966 Classification and Classified List of Occupations published by this Bureau.

5. MINERS, QUARRYMEN AMD RELATED WORKERS -

Miners and quarrymen
Well drillers and related workers
Mineral treaters
Total Miners, Quarrymen and Related Workers
6. WORKERS IN TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATION OCCUPATIONS -
Deck officers, engineer officers and pilots, ship
Deck and engine room hands, ship, barge, crews and boatmen
Aircraft pilots, navigators and flight engineers
Drivers and firemen, railway
Drivers, road transport
Guards and conductors, railway
Inspectors, supervisors, traffic controllers and despatchers, transport
Telephone, telegraph and related telecommunication operators
Postmasters, postmen and messengers
Workers in trensport and communication occupations, $n_{0} e e_{0}$

Total Morkers in Transport and Commonication Occupations
7/8. CRAFTSMEN, PRODUCTION-PROCESS WORKERS AND LABOURERRS, N.E.C. -
Spinners, weavers, knitters, dyers and related workers
Tailors, cutters, furriers and related workers
Leather cutters, lasters and sewers (except gloves and garments) and related workers
Furnacemen, rollers, drawers, moulders and related metal making and treating workers
Precision instrument makers, watchmakers, jewellers and related workers
Toolmakers, machinists, plumbers, welders, platers and related workers
Electricians and related electric and electronics workers
Metal mekers, metal workers and electrical production-process workers, n.e.c.
Carpenters, joiners, cabinetrakers and related workers

TABLE 18. - POPULATION, BY OCCUPATION: NUMBERS AND PERCEMTAGE DISTRTBUTION, AUSTRAIIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, CENSUS, 30 JUNE 1966 - continued
NoTE. Occupation groups and minor groups used in this table are contained in the 1966 Classification and Classified List of Occupations published by this Bureau.

| Occupation Group | Males | Females | Persons | Proportion <br> of <br> total |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Fork Force |  |  |  |  |

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